SYLLABUS BIOL 2900 SECTION "C" Course: Microbiology in Health and Disease

Instructor: Prafull C. Shah Office Hours: Before or after Class or by appointment

Semester Begins on August 13, 2012 and ends on December 3, 2012										
80566	BIOL	2900	С	4.00	Microbiology in Health/Disease Ma		Main Campu	Main Campus		
LECTURE					WED - THURS	05:30 pm - 06:45 pm	BC 2022	LECTURE		
LAB					WED - THURS	06:55 pm - 08:20 pm	BC 2068	LAB		

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

With a focus on healthcare majors, the objectives of this course are:

- (a) To introduce students to microbiology and the vital role microorganisms play in the well-being of higher forms of life, as well as in causing diseases, mostly as opportunists,
- (b) To learn various groups of microorganisms and what makes them infectious,
- (c) To learn most common infections caused by microorganisms, and
- (d) To learn the preventive and curative measures against common infections.

SPECIAL NOTES TO STUDENTS:

- 1. In order to respect the privacy of each student, exam scores and grades will not be posted, given out by telephone, or sent to students by email.
- 2. Students are advised to consult the VSU Student Handbook, Undergraduate Catalog, Semester Calendar, Schedule of Classes, & Registration Guide for information about VSU policies and procedures regarding registration, drop/add, and withdrawal. Students are not permitted to withdraw after midterm except in cases of hardship.
- 3. Students requesting classroom accommodations or modifications because of a documented disability should contact the Access Office for Students with Disabilities, 1115 Nevins Hall.
- 4. Cell phones are to be turned off during classes and examinations.

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- 5. Students are responsible for reading and following the Biology Department policy on plagiarism.
- 6. Since important concepts are explained in the classroom, missing classes may seriously impact grades.
- 7. Make-up examination or quiz WILL NOT BE OFFERRED, except under **verifiable** exceptional and unavoidable circumstance. If offered, it will be at the discretion of the Instructor, AND will not carry full earned points.
- 8. Changes to this syllabus may be made during the Semester.

GRADES:

- (1) There will be periodic quizzes, a mid-term examination and a final examination. Quizzes and exams typically consist of multiple choice, matching, fill-in blanks type of questions, including some open book. However, students may be challenged with questions that may require creative thinking and true understanding of concepts in order to answer them correctly.
- (2) In addition, there may be special assignments and projects which will be announced in the class.
- (3) Vocabulary, spelling and pronunciation of medical terms may be important parts of assignments, quizzes and examinations.
- (4) Lab. portion of testing will be merged with lectures.
- (5) Periodic quizzes will be worth a total of 350 points.
- (6) Mid-term examination will be worth 150 points.
- (7) Special projects or presentations will be worth 50 points.
- (8) Final examination will be worth 150 points.
- (9) Between quizzes, mid-term, final examination, special projects and presentations, each student can earn a maximum of 700 points.

GRADING SCALE:

Grade A = 90 - 100% or between 630 and 700 points

Grade B = 80 - 89% or between 560 and 629 points

Grade C = 70 - 79% or between 490 and 559 points

Grade D = 60 - 69% or between 420 and 489 points

Grade F = Less than 60% or 419 or less points

Week 1					
Subject(s)	Learning Objectives				
General course information	History of Microbiology, role of microbes in				
Introduction to Microbial World	nature, well-being of other living things, science,				
Introduction to Microscopy	health and diseases. Introduction to Microbiology				
Personal and patient safety in healthcare environment	Laboratory Safety, hand hygiene				
Safety in microbiology laboratory	Proper handling and use of microscope				
Week 2					
The Molecules of Life	Characteristics of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells				
Microscopy and Cell Structure	Principles of microscopy, use of microscopes				
Use of Microscope, Practice of focusing on human blood components Practice of using oil immersion lens	Distinction of various groups of bacteria				
Week 3					
FIRST QUIZ	How microbes live and multiply				
Microbial Metabolism, Physiology and Genetics	Study of higher forms of microbial life				
Examination of microscopic life in pond water - Protozoa, Algae,	What grows where?				
Cyanobacteria					
Culture of normal environmental and body flora					
Week 4					
Host Defense Mechanisms – Role of normal flora and physical	How physical make-up of human body defend				
barriers to infections	against infections				
Natural and Acquired Immunity	What are natural, acquired and artificial means of				
Study of growth acquired from environmental and body flora	combating infections				
Colony characteristics and simple stain of recovered bacteria	Are our counters, keyboards, drains, toilet seats,				
	door handles AND our mouths, skin and noses				
	STERILE? What do they grow?				
Week 5					
SECOND QUIZ	Organism mutation, virulence, drug resistance,				
Infectious Disease Process – How Microbes survive host defenses	avoidance of phagocytosis				
and cause infection	Gram Stain as an important diagnostic tool				
Importance of Gram Stain					
Gram Stain of bacteria recovered from previous exercise					

Week 6						
Control of Microbial Growth – Disinfection and Sterilization Demonstration of Steam sterilization and Sterility Check Gram Stain of common pathogenic bacteria	Levels of sanitization, disinfection, and sterilization under various situations					
Week 7						
Diagnosis of Infectious Diseases in clinical Laboratory - Methods for the direct and indirect, rapid and slow techniques employed in a clinical Microbiology laboratory Demonstration of rapid diagnostic techniques used in a POC or ED laboratory	What is available at the disposal of clinicians to diagnose infectious diseases?					
Week 8						
MID-TERM EXAMINATION Introduction to Antimicrobial Agents Aerobic Gram Positive Cocci and their clinical significance Differentiation of Gram Positive Cocci in a laboratory	Treatment of microbial infections Introduction to Staphylococci, and their impact on humans					
Week 9						
Continuation of Antimicrobial Agents Continuation of Aerobic Gram Positive Cocci Differentiation of Gram Positive Cocci in a laboratory	Treatment of microbial infections					
Week 10						
Antimicrobial Susceptibility testing – Principles, procedures, and results Clinically significant aerobic Enteric Gram Negative bacteria – Escherichia, Salmonella, Shigella	How antimicrobial treatment parameters are determined Introduction to Enterobacteriaceae, and their impact on humans					
Week 11						
THIRD QUIZ Antimicrobial Susceptibility Results – Their Interpretation and Applicability to patient care Clinically significant aerobic Non-Enteric Gram Negative bacteria – Pseudomonas, Acinetobacter, Haemophilus	How the results from a Microbiology laboratory may be applied in patient treatment Introduction to non-enteric aerobic bacteria, and their impact on humans					

Week 12						
Clinically significant: Gram Negative diplococci – Neisseria, Moraxella Gram Positive Bacilli - Bacillus, Listeria Spiral bacteria – Treponema, Leptospira	Introduction to Neisseria, Bacillus, and Spirochaetes, and their impact on humans					
Week 13						
FOURTH QUIZ Clinically significant anaerobic bacteria – Clostridium, Bacteroides	Introduction to anaerobic bacteria, and their impact on humans					
Week 14						
Clinically significant miscellaneous microorganisms – Viruses, Parasites, Chlamydia, Mycobacteria, Fungi, Yeasts Etiology of common human infections: Urinary tract, Respiratory, Gastro-intestinal, Genito-urinary, Skin and Wound infections	Introduction to non-bacterial Microbial pathogens Agents responsible for most common infections					
Week 15						
Review and interpretation of important laboratory results Epidemiology, Emerging Diseases and Public Health Role of Infection Control Personnel Review & Class Picture Visit to a Clinical Testing Laboratory in Working	Challenges posed by MRSA – "The Superbug", CDAD, EHAC and other emerging, important infections and how to control them					
Week 16						
Final Examination						
End of Semester						